

GAUTENG DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION PROVINCIAL EXAMINATION JUNE 2019 GRADE 11

MATHEMATICS PAPER 2

MARKS: 100 TIME: 2 hours

9 pages + 3 diagram sheets

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GAUTENG DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION PROVINCIAL EXAMINATION

MATHEMATICS (Paper 2)

Marks: 100 Time: 2 hours

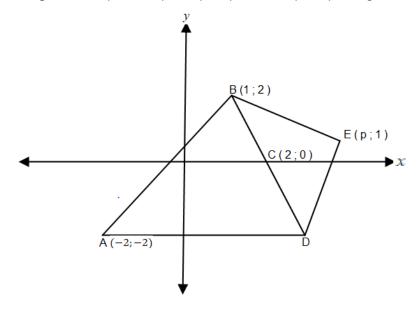
INSTRUCTIONS AND INFORMATION

Read the following instructions carefully before answering the questions.

- 1. This question paper consists of 7 questions. Answer ALL questions.
- 2. Number the answers according to the numbering system used in the question paper.
- 3. Use an approved scientific calculator (non-programmable and non-graphical), unless stated otherwise.
- 4. Round off answers to TWO decimal places unless instructed otherwise.
- 5. Show ALL calculations, diagrams, graphs etc. that you have used in determining the answers.
- 6. Answers only will NOT necessarily be awarded full marks.
- 7. Diagrams are NOT necessarily drawn to scale.
- 8. Write legibly and neatly.

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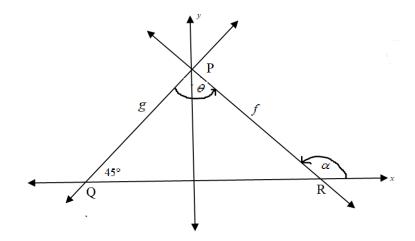
1.1 In the sketch below points A (-2; -2), B (1; 2), and C (2; 0), are given.



- 1.1.1 Calculate the length of line AB. (3)
- 1.1.2 Determine the coordinates of point D if point C is the midpoint of line BD. (3)
- 1.1.3 The coordinates of point E is the point (*p*; 1). Determine the value of *p* if points E, C and A are collinear. (4)
- 1.1.4 Show that quadrilateral ABED is a kite. (4)

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1.2 In the sketch below f(x) = -x + 4 intersects the x-axis and the y-axis at point R and point P respectively. Point Q is equidistant to point R with respect to the origin and $P\hat{Q}R = 45^{\circ}$.



- 1.2.1 Determine the coordinates of point P. (1)
- 1.2.2 Calculate the coordinates of point R. (1)
- 1.2.3 Determine the equation of g. (2)
- 1.2.4 Calculate the magnitude of:

1.2.4.1
$$\alpha$$
 (2)

$$1.2.4.2 \quad \theta \tag{2}$$

[22]

QUESTION 2

- 2.1 Given $\sin \theta = \frac{2}{5}$ and $\theta \in (90^{\circ}; 270^{\circ})$. With the aid of a sketch and WITHOUT the use of a calculator determine the value of $\cos \theta$.
- 2.2 Simplify:

2.2.1
$$\cos^2 45^\circ + \sin 330^\circ$$
. $\tan^2 210^\circ$ (6)

2.2.2
$$\frac{\sin(90^{\circ} - x).\tan(-x).\cos(x + 180^{\circ})}{\cos(1080^{\circ} + x).\cos(90^{\circ} + x)}$$
 (6)

2.3 Simplify to ONE trigonometric ratio of θ .

$$\sqrt{1 - \tan(180^\circ - \theta) \cdot \cot(90^\circ - \theta)} \tag{5}$$

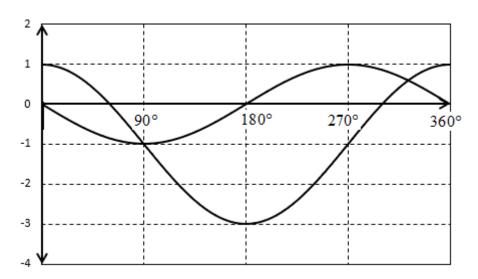
2.4 Consider the expression:

$$\frac{\cos 2x \cdot \tan x}{\sin^2 x}$$

determine the value(s) of $x, x \in (0^\circ; 180^\circ)$, for which the expression will be UNDEFINED. (3) [24]

QUESTION 3

The graphs of $f(x) = p \cos x + q$ and $g(x) = k \sin x$ are sketched below.



3.1 Write down the values of p, q and k. (3)

3.2 Determine the value(s) of x given that $x \in [0^\circ; 360^\circ]$ where:

3.2.1
$$f(x) = g(x)$$
 (2)

$$3.2.2 \quad g(x) > f(x) \tag{2}$$

3.3 Sketch the graph of $f(x) = -1 + \tan x$, $x \in [0^\circ; 360^\circ]$, on DIAGRAM SHEET 1. Clearly show ALL asymptotes and intercepts with the axes. (4) [11]

P.T.O.

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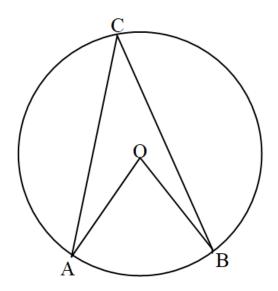
4.1 Complete:

The angle at the centre of a circle is ...

(1)

4.2 In the sketch below, point O is the centre of the circle where A, B, and C are points on the circumference of the circle.

Use DIAGRAM SHEET 2 to prove that $\hat{AOB} = 2\hat{ACB}$.



(6)

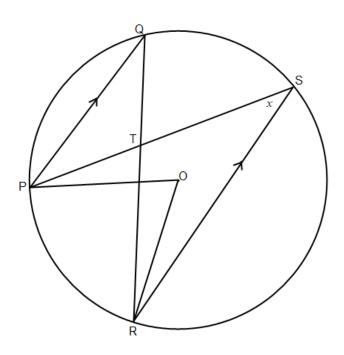
[7]

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5.1 Complete:

The opposite angles of a cyclic quadrilateral are ... (1)

5.2 In the sketch below point O is the centre of the circle with PQ \parallel RS. Line PS and line RQ intersect at point T and $\hat{S} = x$.

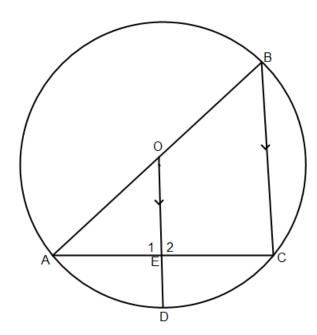


- 5.2.1 Name (giving reasons) THREE angles equal to x. (6)
- 5.2.2 Calculate PTR in terms of x. (3)
- 5.2.3 Prove that quadrilateral PTOR is a cyclic quadrilateral. (3)

[13]

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In the sketch below point O is the centre of the circle where line AB is a diameter. Given that BC \parallel OD, where point E is the point of intersection of line AC and line OD. The radius of the circle is 10~cm and AC = 16~cm.

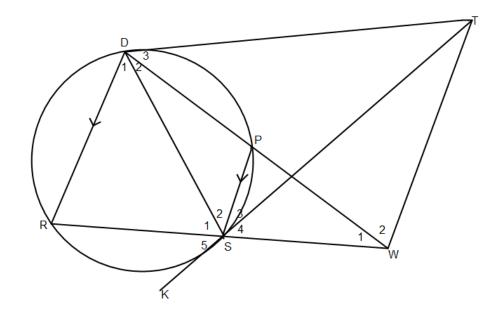


6.1 Prove that
$$AE = EC$$
. (4)

6.2 Prove that
$$\hat{E}_1 = 90^{\circ}$$
. (3)

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In the sketch below RSPD and SWTD are cyclic quadrilaterals. Line TD is a tangent to cyclic quadrilateral RSPD at point D. Line RS and line DP are produced to intersect at point W. It is given that DR \parallel PS and $\hat{S}_4 = \hat{S}_2$.



Prove that:

7.1 TS is a tangent to the cyclic quadrilateral RSPD at point S. (6)

7.2 TW \parallel PS (6) [12]

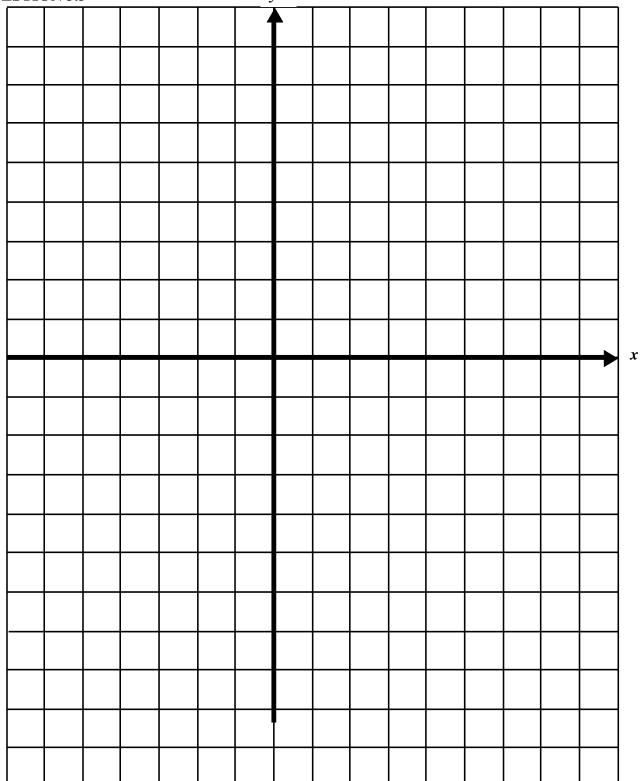
TOTAL: 100

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DIAGRAM SHEET 1

Detach and insert into your ANSWER BOOK.
Name / Surname:
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QUESTION 3.3



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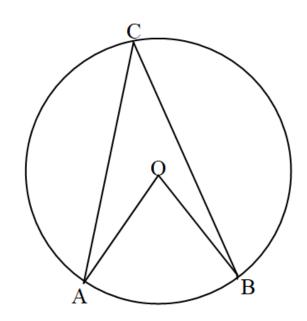
DIAGRAM SHEET 2

Detach and insert into your ANSWER BOOK.

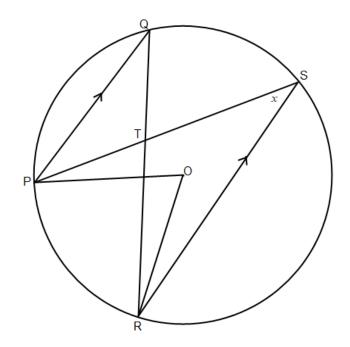
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QUESTION 4.2



QUESTION 5.2



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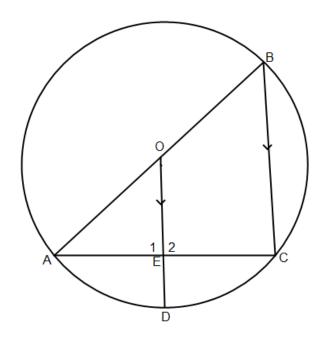
DIAGRAM SHEET 3

Detach and insert into your ANSWER BOOK.

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QUESTION 6



QUESTION 7

