

## **Education and Sport Development**

Department of Education and Sport Development  
Departement van Onderwys en Sportontwikkeling  
Lefapha la Thuto le Tlhabololo ya Metshameko

**NORTH WEST PROVINCE**

**NATIONAL  
SENIOR CERTIFICATE**

**GRADE 12**

**MATHEMATICS P1  
MEMORANDUM  
SEPTEMBER 2016**

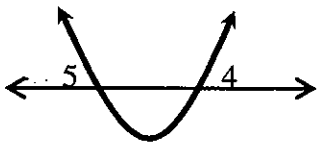
**MARKS: 150**

**This memorandum consists of 20 pages.**

**NOTE:**

- If a candidate answered a question TWICE, only mark the FIRST attempt.
- Consistent accuracy applies in ALL aspects of the marking memorandum.

**QUESTION 1**

<p>1.1.1</p>	$7x(2x - 1) = 0$ $7x = 0 \quad \text{or} \quad 2x - 1 = 0$ $x = 0 \qquad \qquad 2x = 1$ $\qquad \qquad \qquad x = \frac{1}{2}$	<p>✓ <math>x = 0</math> ✓ <math>x = \frac{1}{2}</math></p> <p>(2)</p>						
<p>1.1.2</p>	$2x^2 + x = 4$ $2x^2 + x - 4 = 0$ $x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$ $= \frac{-1 \pm \sqrt{1^2 - 4(2)(-4)}}{2(2)}$ $= \frac{-1 \pm \sqrt{33}}{4}$ $x = 1,19 \quad \text{or} \quad x = -1,69$	<p>✓ standard form</p> <p>✓ substitution into the correct formula</p> <p>✓ <math>x = 1,19</math> ✓ <math>x = -1,69</math></p> <p>(4)</p>						
<p>1.1.3</p>	<p><math>(x - 4)(x + 5) \geq 0</math> <math>\therefore x \leq -5 \quad \text{or} \quad x \geq 4</math></p>  <p><b>OR</b></p> <table style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto;"> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">-5</td> <td style="text-align: center;">4</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">+</td> <td style="text-align: center;">-</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">+</td> <td style="text-align: center;">+</td> </tr> </table> <p><math>(-\infty; -5] \cup [4; \infty)</math></p>	-5	4	+	-	+	+	<p>✓ <math>x \leq -5</math> ✓ <math>x \geq 4</math> ✓ or</p> <p>(3)</p> <p>✓ <math>x \in (-\infty; -5]</math> ✓ <math>x \in [4; \infty)</math> ✓ or</p> <p>(3)</p>
-5	4							
+	-							
+	+							

<p>1.1.4</p>	$3x^{\frac{2}{5}} - 5x^{\frac{1}{5}} - 2 = 0$ <p>Let <math>x^{\frac{1}{5}} = k</math></p> $\therefore 3k^2 - 5k - 2 = 0$ $(3k + 1)(k - 2) = 0$ $3k = -1 \quad \text{or} \quad k = 2$ $k = -\frac{1}{3}$ $x^{\frac{1}{5}} = -\frac{1}{3} \quad \text{or} \quad x^{\frac{1}{5}} = 2$ $x = \left(-\frac{1}{3}\right)^5 \quad x = 2^5$ $x = -\frac{1}{243} \quad x = 32$ <p><b>OR</b></p> $3x^{\frac{2}{5}} - 5x^{\frac{1}{5}} - 2 = 0$ $(3x^{\frac{1}{5}} + 1)(x^{\frac{1}{5}} - 2) = 0$ $3x^{\frac{1}{5}} = -1 \quad \text{or} \quad x^{\frac{1}{5}} = 2$ $x^{\frac{1}{5}} = -\frac{1}{3} \quad x = 2^5$ $x = \left(-\frac{1}{3}\right)^5 \quad x = 32$ $x = -\frac{1}{243}$	<p>✓ factors</p> <p>✓ <math>x^{\frac{1}{5}} = -\frac{1}{3}</math> or <math>x^{\frac{1}{5}} = 2</math></p> <p>✓ <math>x = -\frac{1}{243}</math></p> <p>✓ <math>x = 32</math></p> <p>(4)</p> <p>✓ factors</p> <p>✓ <math>x^{\frac{1}{5}} = -\frac{1}{3}</math> or <math>x^{\frac{1}{5}} = 2</math></p> <p>✓ <math>x = -\frac{1}{243}</math></p> <p>✓ <math>x = 32</math></p> <p>(4)</p>
<p>1.2</p>	$\frac{2x}{1+y} = 1; y \neq -1 \quad \text{and} \quad (3x - y)(x + y) = 0$ $2x = 1 + y$ $2x - 1 = y$ $(3x - y) = 0 \quad \text{or} \quad x + y = 0$ $3x - (2x - 1) = 0 \quad \text{or} \quad x + (2x - 1) = 0$ $x = -1 \quad \text{or} \quad 3x = 1$ $x = \frac{1}{3}$ $y = 2(-1) - 1 \quad \text{or} \quad y = 2\left(\frac{1}{3}\right) - 1$ $= -3 \quad \quad \quad = -\frac{1}{3}$ <p><b>OR</b></p>	<p>✓ <math>2x - 1 = y</math></p> <p>✓ two factors = 0</p> <p>✓ substitution</p> <p>✓ both x-values</p> <p>✓✓ y-values</p> <p>(6)</p>

	$\frac{2x}{1+y} = 1; y \neq -1 \text{ and } (3x - y)(x + y) = 0$ $2x = 1 + y$ $2x - 1 = y$ $(3x - (2x - 1))(x + (2x - 1)) = 0$ $(x + 1)(3x - 1) = 0$ $x = -1 \text{ or } 3x = 1$ $x = \frac{1}{3}$ $y = 2(-1) - 1 \text{ or } y = 2\left(\frac{1}{3}\right) - 1$ $= -3 \qquad = -\frac{1}{3}$ <p><b>OR</b></p> $\frac{2x}{1+y} = 1; y \neq -1 \text{ and } (3x - y)(x + y) = 0$ $2x = 1 + y$ $x = \frac{1+y}{2}$ $(3x - y) = 0 \text{ or } (x + y) = 0$ $3\left(\frac{1+y}{2}\right) - y = 0 \qquad \frac{1+y}{2} + y = 0$ $3(1+y) = 2y \qquad 1+y = -2y$ $3+3y = 2y \qquad 3y = -1$ $y = -3 \qquad y = -\frac{1}{3}$ $x = \frac{1-3}{2} \text{ or } x = \frac{1-\frac{1}{3}}{2}$ $x = -1 \qquad x = \frac{1}{3}$	<p>✓ <math>2x - 1 = y</math>                  ✓ substitution                  ✓ factors = 0</p> <p>✓ both <math>x</math>-values</p> <p>✓✓ <math>y</math>-values</p> <p>(6)</p> <p>✓ <math>x = \frac{1+y}{2}</math>                  ✓ two factors = 0</p> <p>✓ substitution</p> <p>✓ both <math>y</math>-values</p> <p>✓✓ <math>x</math>-values</p> <p>(6)</p>
<p>1.3</p>	<p><math>f(x)</math> a hyperbola with asymptotes <math>y = 0</math> and <math>x = 2</math>. Range of <math>f</math>: <math>y &gt; 0</math> or <math>y &lt; 0</math>.  <math>g(x)</math> is an increasing exponential function translated 2 units right, thus <math>y &gt; 0</math> for all <math>x \in \mathbb{R}</math>. Therefore <math>f</math> and <math>g</math> intersect only once.</p>	<p>✓ <math>f</math> is hyperbola;  <math>y &gt; 0</math> or <math>y &lt; 0</math>                  ✓ <math>g</math>: range of <math>g</math>: <math>y &gt; 0</math>                  (increasing exponential)                  ✓ explanation</p> <p>(3)</p>

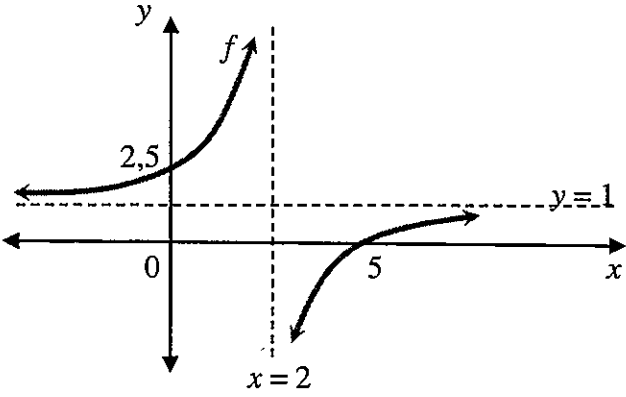
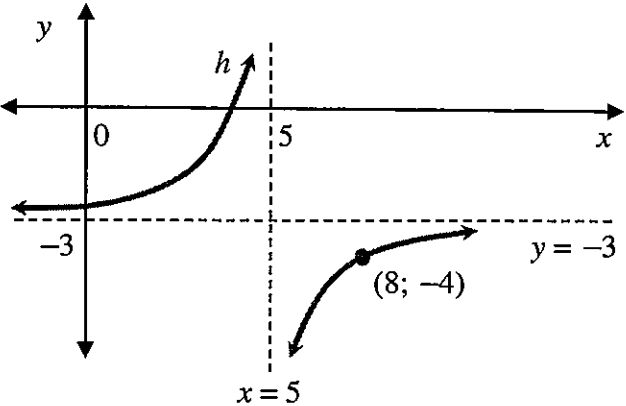


2.2.2	$r = \frac{T_2}{T_1}$ $= \pm \frac{18}{54}$ $= \pm \frac{1}{3}$ $\therefore -1 < r < 1$ $\therefore \text{converging sequence}$	$\checkmark r = \pm \frac{1}{3}$ $\checkmark -1 < r < 1$ $\checkmark \text{converging}$ <p style="text-align: right;">(3)</p>
2.3	$11 + 14 + 17 + \dots = 4k$ $S_n = \frac{n}{2}[2a + (n-1)d]$ $4k = \frac{56}{2}[2(11) + (55)(3)]$ $4k = 5236$ $k = 1309$ <p><b>OR</b></p> $11 + 14 + 17 + \dots = 4k$ $S_n = \frac{n}{2}[a + l]$ $4k = \frac{56}{2}[11 + 176]$ $4k = 5236$ $k = 1309$	$\checkmark 11 + 14 + 17 + \dots$ $\checkmark S_n = 4k$ $\checkmark \text{substitution into correct formula}$ $\checkmark n = 56$ $\checkmark \text{answer}$ <p style="text-align: right;">(5)</p> $\checkmark 11 + 14 + 17 + \dots$ $\checkmark S_n = 4k$ $\checkmark \text{substitution into correct formula}$ $\checkmark n = 56$ $\checkmark \text{answer}$ <p style="text-align: right;">(5)</p>
2.4.1	$4; \frac{1}{36}$	$\checkmark \text{answer}$ <p style="text-align: right;">(1)</p>

2.4.2	$4; 4; 4; \dots$ 13 terms $\frac{3}{4}; \frac{1}{4}; \frac{1}{12}; \dots$ 12 terms $S_{13} = 13(4)$ $= 52$ $S_{12} = \frac{a(1-r^n)}{1-r}$ $= \frac{\frac{3}{4}\left(1-\left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^{12}\right)}{1-\frac{1}{3}}$ $= 1,12$ $S_{25} = S_{13} + S_{12}$ $= 52 + 1,12$ $= 53,12$	$\checkmark n = 13$ $\checkmark S_{13} = 52$  $\checkmark n = 12$ $\checkmark$ substitution into correct formula  $\checkmark S_{12} = 1,12$  $\checkmark$ answer (6) <b>[23]</b>
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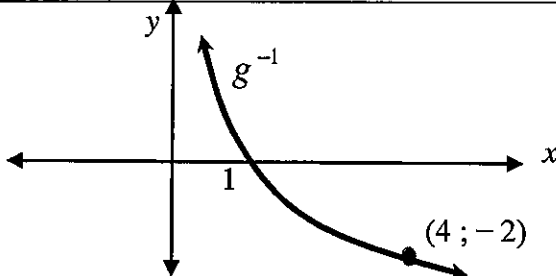
**QUESTION 3**

3.1	$y = \frac{-3}{0-2} + 1$ $= \frac{3}{2} + 1$ $= 2,5$ or $y = \frac{5}{2}$ $\therefore (0; 2,5)$ or $\left(0; \frac{5}{2}\right)$	$\checkmark x = 0$  $\checkmark y = 2,5$ or $y = \frac{5}{2}$  (2)
3.2	$0 = \frac{-3}{x-2} + 1$ $-1 = \frac{-3}{x-2}$ $x-2 = 3$ $x = 5$ $\therefore (5; 0)$	$\checkmark y = 0$   $\checkmark x = 5$  (2)

<p>3.3</p>		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>✓ shape</li> <li>✓ both intercepts</li> <li>✓ both asymptotes</li> </ul> <p style="text-align: right;">(3)</p>
<p>3.4</p>	<p><math>y \in \mathbb{R}; y \neq 1</math></p> <p><b>OR</b> <math>y &lt; 1</math> or <math>y &gt; 1</math></p> <p><b>OR</b> <math>y \in (-\infty; 1) \cup y \in (1; \infty)</math></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>✓ <math>y \in \mathbb{R}</math></li> <li>✓ <math>y \neq 1</math> (2)</li> <li>✓ <math>y &lt; 1</math>; ✓ <math>y &gt; 1</math> (2)</li> <li>✓ <math>y \in (-\infty; 1)</math></li> <li>✓ <math>y \in (1; \infty)</math></li> </ul> <p style="text-align: right;">(2)</p>
<p>3.5</p>	<p><math>h(x) = \frac{-3}{x-5} - 3</math></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>✓ <math>\frac{-3}{x-5}</math></li> <li>✓ <math>-3</math></li> </ul> <p style="text-align: right;">(2)</p>
<p>3.6</p>	<p>From the graph of <math>h</math>:</p>  <p><math>5 &lt; x \leq 8</math> or <math>x \in (5; 8]</math></p> <p><b>OR</b> From translations: <math>h(x) \leq -4 \therefore f(x) \leq 0</math> (4 units up) If <math>f(x) \leq 0</math>, then <math>2 &lt; x \leq 5</math> <math>\therefore</math> for <math>h(x)</math>: <math>5 &lt; x \leq 8</math> (3 units to the right)</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>✓ (8; -4)</li> <li>✓ <math>5 &lt; x</math></li> <li>✓ <math>x \leq 8</math></li> <li>✓ <math>f(x) \leq 0</math></li> <li>✓ <math>f(x)</math>: <math>2 &lt; x \leq 5</math></li> <li>✓ <math>h(x)</math>: <math>5 &lt; x \leq 8</math></li> </ul> <p style="text-align: right;">(3)</p>





<p>4.4</p>	$k(x) = 2(-x + 1)^2 - 8$ $= 2(x^2 - 2x + 1) - 8$ $= 2x^2 - 4x + 2 - 8$ $= 2x^2 - 4x - 6$ <p><b>OR</b></p> $k(x) = 2(-x)^2 + 4(-x) - 6$ $= 2x^2 - 4x - 6$ <p><b>OR</b></p> $k(x) = 2(x - 1)^2 - 8$ $= 2(x^2 - 2x + 1) - 8$ $= 2x^2 - 4x + 2 - 8$ $= 2x^2 - 4x - 6$	<p>✓ substituting <math>x</math> by <math>-x</math></p> <p>✓ simplification <math>(x^2 - 2x + 1)</math></p> <p>✓ answer <math>(2x^2 - 4x - 6)</math></p> <p>(3)</p> <p>✓ substituting <math>x</math> by <math>-x</math></p> <p>✓✓ answer</p> <p>(3)</p> <p>✓ substituting <math>(x + 1)</math> by <math>(x - 1)</math></p> <p>✓ simplification <math>(x^2 - 2x + 1)</math></p> <p>✓ answer <math>(2x^2 - 4x - 6)</math></p> <p>(3)</p>
<p>4.5</p>	$x = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^y$ $y = \log_{\frac{1}{2}} x$ <p><b>OR</b></p> $y = -\log_2 x$ <p><b>OR</b></p> $y = \log_2 \frac{1}{x}$	<p>✓ answer (1)</p> <p>✓ answer (1)</p> <p>✓ answer (1)</p>
<p>4.6</p>		<p>✓ shape</p> <p>✓ <math>x</math>-intercept</p> <p>✓ point <math>(4; -2)</math> or any other point</p> <p>(3)</p>
<p>4.7.1</p>	<p><math>0 &lt; x \leq 4</math></p> <p><b>OR</b></p> <p><math>x \in (0; 4]</math></p>	<p>✓ <math>0 &lt; x</math></p> <p>✓ <math>x \leq 4</math> (2)</p> <p>✓✓ answer (2)</p>
<p>4.7.2</p>	<p><math>x</math>-intercepts: <math>x = -3</math> and <math>x = 1</math></p> <p>If <math>x &lt; 0</math> then <math>f(x) &gt; 0</math>:</p> <p><math>\therefore x &lt; -3</math></p> <p>or if <math>x &gt; 0</math> then <math>f(x) &lt; 0</math>:</p> <p><math>\therefore 0 &lt; x &lt; 1</math></p>	<p>✓✓ <math>x &lt; -3</math></p> <p>✓✓ <math>0 &lt; x &lt; 1</math></p> <p>(4)</p>

	<p><b>OR</b>  <math>x \in (0; 1) \cup (-\infty; -3)</math></p>	<p>✓✓ (0; 1)                  ✓✓ <math>(-\infty; -3)</math></p> <p style="text-align: right;">(4)  <b>[19]</b></p>
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**QUESTION 5**

5.1	<p><math>0,10 \times R980\ 000</math>  <math>= R98\ 000</math>  <math>\therefore \text{Loan} = 980\ 000 - 98\ 000</math>  <math>= R882\ 000</math></p> <p><b>OR</b>                  Loan = <math>R980\ 000 - 0,10 (R980\ 000)</math>  <math>= R882\ 000</math></p> <p><b>OR</b>                  Loan = <math>0,9 \times R980\ 000</math>  <math>= R882\ 000</math></p>	<p>✓ <math>0,10 \times R980\ 000</math></p> <p>✓ <math>R882\ 000</math> (2)</p> <p>✓ <math>0,10 \times R980\ 000</math>                  ✓ <math>R882\ 000</math> (2)</p> <p>✓ <math>0,9 \times R980\ 000</math>                  ✓ <math>R882\ 000</math> (2)</p>
5.2	<p><math>P_v = \frac{x[1 - (1 + i)^{-n}]}{i}</math></p> $882\ 000 = \frac{10\ 000 \left[ 1 - \left( 1 + \frac{0,11}{12} \right)^{-n} \right]}{\frac{0,11}{12}}$ $\frac{1617}{2000} = 1 - \left( 1 + \frac{0,11}{12} \right)^{-n}$ $\left( 1 + \frac{0,11}{12} \right)^{-n} = \frac{383}{2000}$ $-n = \log_{\left( 1 + \frac{0,11}{12} \right)} \frac{383}{2000}$ $-n = -181,14$ $n = 181,14$ <p><math>\therefore</math> It takes 182 months</p> <p><b>OR</b></p>	<p>✓ <math>i = \frac{0,11}{12}</math></p> <p>✓ substitution into the correct formula</p> <p>✓ <math>\left( 1 + \frac{0,11}{12} \right)^{-n} = \frac{383}{2000}</math></p> <p>✓ introducing logs</p> $-n = \log_{\left( 1 + \frac{0,11}{12} \right)} \frac{383}{2\ 000}$ <p>or <math>-n = \log_{\left( \frac{1211}{1200} \right)} 0,1915</math></p> <p>or <math>-n = \frac{\log 0,1915}{\log 1,00916667}</math></p> <p>✓ <math>n = 181,14</math>                  ✓ 182 months</p> <p style="text-align: right;">(6)</p>

	$P_v = \frac{x[1 - (1 + i)^{-n}]}{i}$ $882\,000 = \frac{10\,000 \left[ 1 - \left( 1 + \frac{0,11}{12} \right)^{-n} \right]}{\frac{0,11}{12}}$ $\frac{383}{2000} = \left( 1 + \frac{0,11}{12} \right)^{-n}$ $\log \left( \frac{383}{2000} \right) = \log \left( 1 + \frac{0,11}{12} \right)^{-n}$ $\log \left( \frac{383}{2000} \right) = -n \log \left( 1 + \frac{0,11}{12} \right)$ $-n = -181,14$ $n = 181,14$ <p>∴ It takes 182 months</p>	<p>✓ <math>i = \frac{0,11}{12}</math>                  ✓ substitution into the correct formula</p> <p>✓ <math>\frac{383}{2000} = \left( 1 + \frac{0,11}{12} \right)^{-n}</math></p> <p>✓ introducing logs</p> $-n = \frac{\log \left( \frac{383}{2000} \right)}{\log \left( 1 + \frac{0,11}{12} \right)}$ <p>or <math>-n = \frac{\log 0,1915}{\log 1,00916667}</math></p> <p>✓ <math>n = 181,14</math>                  ✓ 182 months</p> <p style="text-align: right;">(6)</p>
<p>5.3</p>	$n = 181,1379918 - 90$ $= 91,1379918$ $P_v = \frac{x[1 - (1 + i)^{-n}]}{i}$ $P_v = \frac{10\,000 \left[ 1 - \left( 1 + \frac{0,11}{12} \right)^{-91,1379918} \right]}{\frac{0,11}{12}}$ $= R615\,991,70$ <p><b>OR</b></p>	<p>✓ <math>n = 91,1379918</math></p> <p>✓ substitution into the correct formula</p> <p>✓ answer</p> <p style="text-align: right;">(3)</p>

	$A = P(1 + i)^n$ $= 882\,000 \left(1 + \frac{0,11}{12}\right)^{90}$ $A = R2\,005\,069,01$ $F_v = \frac{x[(1 + i)^n - 1]}{i}$ $= \frac{10\,000 \left[\left(1 + \frac{0,11}{12}\right)^{90} - 1\right]}{\frac{0,11}{12}}$ $F_v = R1\,389\,077,31$ <p>Outstanding balance after 90 instalments:</p> $= R2\,005\,069,01 - R1\,389\,077,31$ $= R615\,991,70$	<p>✓ substitution into the correct formula (or 2 005 069,01)</p> <p>✓ substitution into the correct formula (or 1 389 077,31)</p> <p>✓ answer (R615 991,70)</p> <p style="text-align: right;">(3)</p>
5.4	$A = P(1 + i)^n$ $= 615\,991,70 \left(1 + \frac{0,11}{12}\right)^5$ $= 644\,747,02$ $P_v = \frac{x[1 - (1 + i)^{-n}]}{i}$ $644\,747,02 = \frac{x \left[1 - \left(1 + \frac{0,11}{12}\right)^{-87}\right]}{\frac{0,11}{12}}$ $x = R10\,786,84$	<p>✓ substitution into the correct formula</p> <p>✓ answer</p> <p>✓ substitution into the correct formula</p> <p>✓ <math>n = 182 - 95 = 87</math></p> <p>✓ answer</p> <p style="text-align: right;">(5) <b>[16]</b></p>

**QUESTION 6**

<p>6.1</p> $f(x) = \frac{3}{x}$ $f(x + h) = \frac{3}{x + h}$ $f'(x) = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(x + h) - f(x)}{h}$ $= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{3}{x + h} - \frac{3}{x}}{h}$ $= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{3x - 3(x + h)}{x(x + h)} \times \frac{1}{h}$ $= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{3x - 3x - 3h}{x(x + h)} \times \frac{1}{h}$ $= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{-3h}{x(x + h)} \times \frac{1}{h}$ $= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{-3}{x(x + h)}$ $= \frac{-3}{x^2}$ <p><b>OR</b></p> $f(x) = \frac{3}{x}$ $f(x + h) = \frac{3}{x + h}$ $f(x + h) - f(x) = \frac{3}{x + h} - \frac{3}{x}$ $= \frac{3x - 3x - 3h}{x(x + h)}$ $= \frac{-3h}{x(x + h)}$ $f'(x) = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(x + h) - f(x)}{h}$ $= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{-3h}{x(x + h)} \times \frac{1}{h}$ $= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{-3}{x(x + h)}$ $= \frac{-3}{x^2}$	<p>✓ subst (x + h) in f(x)</p> <p>✓ substitution into formula</p> <p>✓ <math>\frac{3x - 3x - 3h}{x(x + h)}</math></p> <p>✓ simplification</p> <p>✓ answer (5)</p> <p>✓ subst (x + h) in f(x)</p> <p>✓ <math>\frac{3x - 3x - 3h}{x(x + h)}</math></p> <p>✓ substitution into formula</p> <p>✓ simplification</p> <p>✓ answer (5)</p>
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<p>6.2.1</p>	$y = \pi^3 x - x^{\frac{1}{3}}$ $\frac{dy}{dx} = \pi^3 - \frac{1}{3}x^{-\frac{2}{3}}$	$\checkmark -x^{\frac{1}{3}}$ $\checkmark \pi^3$ $\checkmark -\frac{1}{3}x^{-\frac{2}{3}}$ <p style="text-align: right;">(3)</p>
<p>6.2.2</p>	$y = \frac{7}{4}x^4 - \frac{3}{4}$ $\frac{dy}{dx} = 7x^3$ <p><b>OR</b></p> $y = \frac{x(7x^4 - 3)}{4x}$ $= \frac{1}{4}(7x^4 - 3)$ $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{1}{4}(7(4)x^3 - 0)$ $= 7x^3$	$\checkmark y = \frac{7}{4}x^4 - \frac{3}{4}$ $\checkmark \frac{dy}{dx} = 7x^3$  $\checkmark y = \frac{1}{4}(7x^4 - 3)$  $\checkmark \frac{dy}{dx} = 7x^3$ <p style="text-align: right;">(2)</p> <p style="text-align: right;"><b>[10]</b></p>

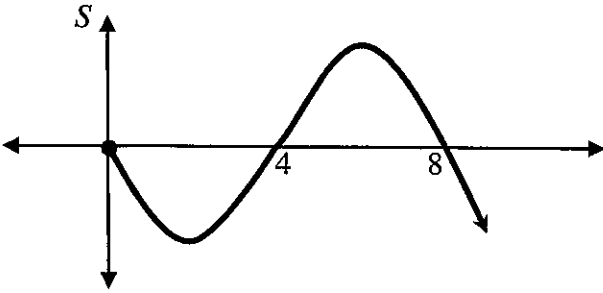
**QUESTION 7**

<p>7.1</p>	$f(x) = x^3 + px^2 + qx - 12$ $36 = (-4)^3 + p(-4)^2 + q(-4) - 12$ $36 = -64 + 16p - 4q - 12$ $112 = 16p - 4q$ $28 = 4p - q \dots\dots(1)$ $f'(x) = 3x^2 + 2px + q$ $f'(-4) = 3(-4)^2 + 2p(-4) + q$ $0 = 48 - 8p + q$ $-48 = -8p + q \dots\dots(2)$ $28 = 4p - q \dots\dots(1)$ <p>(1) + (2):</p> $-20 = -4p$ $5 = p$ <p>(1): <math>28 = 4(5) - q</math></p> $q = -8$	$\checkmark$ substitution of (-4; 36) into $f(x)$  $\checkmark 28 = 4p - q$  $\checkmark f'(x) = 3x^2 + 2px + q$  $\checkmark f'(-4) = 0$  $\checkmark 48 = 8p - q$ <p>OR <math>-48 = -8p + q</math></p>  $\checkmark$ simplification <p style="text-align: right;">(6)</p>
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<p>7.2</p>	<p><math>f(x) = x^3 + 5x^2 - 8x - 12</math>  <math>f(x) = (x + 1)(x^2 + 4x - 12)</math> (long division method)  <math>0 = (x + 1)(x^2 + 4x - 12)</math>  <math>0 = (x + 1)(x + 6)(x - 2)</math>  <math>x = -1</math> or <math>x = -6</math> or <math>x = 2</math>                  Coordinates of other <math>x</math>-intercepts are:  <math>(-6; 0)</math> or <math>(2; 0)</math></p> <p><b>OR</b></p> <p><math>(x + 1)(x^2 + bx - 12) = x^3 + 5x^2 - 8x - 12</math>  <math>bx - 12x = -8x</math>  <math>b - 12 = -8</math>  <math>\therefore b = 4</math>  <math>x^2 + 4x - 12 = 0</math>  <math>(x + 6)(x - 2) = 0</math>  <math>x = -6</math> or <math>x = 2</math>                  Coordinates of other <math>x</math>-intercepts are:  <math>(-6; 0)</math> or <math>(2; 0)</math></p>	<p>✓ <math>(x+1)(x^2+4x-12)</math>                  ✓ factors                  ✓ <math>(-6; 0)</math>                  ✓ <math>(2; 0)</math></p> <p>(4)</p> <p>✓ <math>b = 4</math>                  ✓ factors  <math>(x + 6)(x - 2)</math>                  ✓ <math>(-6; 0)</math>                  ✓ <math>(2; 0)</math></p> <p>(4)</p>
<p>7.3</p>	<p><math>f'(x) = 3x^2 + 10x - 8</math>  <math>f'(1) = 3(1)^2 + 10(1) - 8</math>  <math>= 5</math>  <math>y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)</math>  <math>y + 14 = 5(x - 1)</math>  <math>y = 5x - 19</math></p> <p><b>OR</b></p> <p><math>f'(x) = 3x^2 + 10x - 8</math>  <math>f'(1) = 3(1)^2 + 10(1) - 8</math>  <math>= 5</math>  <math>y = mx + c</math>  <math>-14 = 5(1) + c</math>  <math>-19 = c</math>  <math>\therefore y = 5x - 19</math></p>	<p>✓ <math>f'(x) = 3x^2 + 10x - 8</math>                  ✓ <math>f'(1) = 5</math>                  ✓ substitution                  ✓ answer</p> <p>(4)</p> <p>✓ <math>f'(x) = 3x^2 + 10x - 8</math>                  ✓ <math>f'(1) = 5</math>                  ✓ substitution                  ✓ answer</p> <p>(4)</p>
<p>7.4</p>	<p><math>0 &lt; k \leq 7</math></p>	<p>✓ <math>0 &lt; k</math>                  ✓ <math>k \leq 7</math></p> <p>(2)  <b>[16]</b></p>



## QUESTION 8

8.1	$S(t) = -t^3 + 12t^2 - 32t$ $0 = -t^3 + 12t^2 - 32t$ $0 = t^3 - 12t^2 + 32t$ $0 = t(t^2 - 12t + 32)$ $0 = t(t - 4)(t - 8)$ $t = 0 \text{ or } t = 4 \text{ or } t = 8$ $\therefore \text{After 8 hours}$ 	$\checkmark 0 = t(t^2 - 12t + 32)$ $\checkmark \text{ factors}$ $\checkmark t = 8$ <p style="text-align: right;">(3)</p>
8.2	$S'(t) = -3t^2 + 24t - 32$ $0 = -3t^2 + 24t - 32$ $0 = 3t^2 - 24t + 32$ $t = \frac{24 \pm \sqrt{(-24)^2 - 4(3)(32)}}{2(3)}$ $\text{or } t = \frac{-24 \pm \sqrt{(24)^2 - 4(-3)(-32)}}{2(-3)}$ $t = 1,69 \text{ hours or } t = 6,31 \text{ hours}$ $S(1,69) = -(1,69)^3 + 12(1,69)^2 - 32(1,69)$ $= -24,63 \text{ km}$ $S(6,31) = -(6,31)^3 + 12(6,31)^2 - 32(6,31)$ $= 24,63 \text{ km}$ $\therefore \text{Distance is } 24,63 \text{ km}$	$\checkmark S'(t) = -3t^2 + 24t - 32$ $\checkmark S'(t) = 0$ $\checkmark \text{ substitution into the formula}$ $\checkmark t = 1,69 \text{ or } t = 6,31$ $\checkmark 24,63 \text{ km}$ <p style="text-align: right;">(5)</p>
8.3	$S''(t) = -6t + 24$ $0 = -6t + 24$ $6t = 24$ $\therefore t = 4$ $S'(4) = -3(4)^2 + 24(4) - 32$ $= 16 \text{ km/h}$	$\checkmark S''(t) = -6t + 24$ $\checkmark S''(t) = 0$ $\checkmark t = 4$ $\checkmark 16 \text{ km/h}$ <p style="text-align: right;">(4) [12]</p>

**QUESTION 9**

<p>9.1</p>		<p>First event: ✓ M 4/7 ; TM 3/7</p> <p>Second event: ✓ M: ET 5/10; MT 3/10; CT 2/10</p> <p>✓ TM: ET 4/10; MT 5/10; CT 1/10</p> <p>✓ Outcomes</p> <p style="text-align: right;">(4)</p>
<p>9.2.1</p>	$P(\text{TM and MT}) = \frac{3}{7} \cdot \frac{5}{10}$ $= \frac{3}{14}$	<p>✓ <math>\frac{3}{7} \cdot \frac{5}{10}</math></p> <p>✓ <math>\frac{3}{14}</math> or 0,21</p> <p style="text-align: right;">(2)</p>
<p>9.2.2</p>	$P(\text{ET}) = \frac{4}{7} \cdot \frac{5}{10} + \frac{3}{7} \cdot \frac{4}{10}$ $= \frac{16}{35} = 0,46$	<p>✓ <math>\frac{4}{7} \cdot \frac{5}{10}</math></p> <p>✓ <math>\frac{3}{7} \cdot \frac{4}{10}</math></p> <p>✓ <math>\frac{16}{35}</math> or 0,46</p> <p style="text-align: right;">(3) [9]</p>

**QUESTION 10**

<p>10.1.1</p>	$10^6 = 1\,000\,000$	<p>✓ <math>10^6</math> or 1 000 000</p> <p style="text-align: right;">(1)</p>
<p>10.1.2</p>	$(8)(7)(6)(5)$ $= 1680$  <b>OR</b> ${}_8P_4$ $= 1680$	<p>✓ (8)(7)(6)(5)</p> <p>✓ 1680</p> <p style="text-align: right;">(2)</p> <p>✓ <math>{}_8P_4</math></p> <p>✓ 1680</p> <p style="text-align: right;">(2)</p>
<p>10.2</p>	$10! - (9!)(2!)$ $= 3\,628\,800 - 725\,760$ $= 2\,903\,040$	<p>✓ <math>10!</math></p> <p>✓ <math>(9!)(2!)</math></p> <p>✓ answer</p> <p style="text-align: right;">(3) [6]</p>
		<p style="text-align: right;"><b>TOTAL: 150</b></p>

**COGNITIVE GRID**

Questions	Levels				Topics					
	L1	L2	L3	L4	Alg	Pat	Func	Fin	Diff	Prob
1.1.1	2				2					
1.1.2		4			4					
1.1.3	3				3					
1.1.4			4		4					
1.2		6			6					
1.3				3	3					
2.1.1	1					1				
2.1.2		1				1				
2.1.3		4				4				
2.2.1	2					2				
2.2.2	3					3				
2.3				5		5				
2.4.1	1					1				
2.4.2			6			6				
3.1	2						2			
3.2		2					2			
3.3	3						3			
3.4	2						2			
3.5	2						2			
3.6				3			3			
3.7			3				3			
4.1	1						1			
4.2	1						1			
4.3		4					4			
4.4		3					3			
4.5	1						1			
4.6	3						3			
4.7.1				2			2			
4.7.2				4			4			
5.1	2							2		
5.2			6					6		
5.3			3					3		
5.4			5					5		
6.1			5						5	
6.2.1		3							3	
6.2.2		2							2	
7.1			6						6	
7.2		4							4	
7.3			4						4	
7.4				2					2	
8.1		3							3	
8.2		5							5	
8.3			4						4	

Question	Levels				Topics					
	L1	L2	L3	L4	Alg	Pat	Func	Fin	Diff	Prob
9.1		4								4
9.2.1		2								2
9.2.2		3								3
10.1.1	1									1
10.1.2		2								2
10.2				3						3
<b>Policy:</b>										
<b>Marks</b>	30	52,5	45	22,5	25	25	35	15	35	15
<b>%</b>	20	35	30	15						
<b>Real:</b>										
<b>Marks</b>	30	52	46	22	22	23	36	16	38	15
<b>%</b>	20	35	30	15						