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# PHOENIX NORTH LIFE SCIENCES CLUSTER

## NOVEMBER EXAMINATION – 2019

## LIFE SCIENCES PAPER 1

## GRADE 10

**MARKS: 150** 

TIME:2,5 HOURS

Please Turn Over

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MODERATOR: MRS J. RAMSEWAK (STANMORE SECONDARY)

## INSTRUCTIONS AND INFORMATION

- 1. Please ensure that this examination paper consists of 4 questions and 13 pages.
- 2. Answer All the questions in the ANSWER BOOK
- 3. Number the answers correctly according to the numbering system used in this question paper.

4. Present your answers according to the instructions of each question.

- 5. All drawings and graphs must be done in pencil and labelled in blue or black ink.
- 6. Draw diagrams, flow charts or tables only when asked to do so.
- 7. You must use a non-programmable calculator, protractor and compass where necessary.

8. Write neatly and legibly.

#### SECTION A

#### **QUESTION 1**

- 1.1. Various options are provided as possible answers to the following questions. Choose the answer and write only the LETTER (A to D) next to the question number in the answer book e.g. 1.1.11 D
- 1.1.1. The phases of mitosis in correct order are....
  - A metaphase, anaphase, telophase and prophase
  - B anaphase, metaphase, interphase and prophase
  - C prophase, metaphase, anaphase and telophase
  - D telophase, prophase, metaphase and anaphase
- 1.1.2. Which ONE of the following combinations represent only organic compounds?
  - A carbohydrates, proteins, water and vitamins
  - B carbohydrates, proteins, lipids and vitamins
  - C proteins, carbon di oxide, lipids and starch
  - D lipids, vitamins, carbohydrates and sodium chloride
- 1.1.3. The phase during which DNA replication occurs is ...
  - A interphase
  - B prophase
  - C metaphase
  - D anaphase
- 1.1.4. The function of the white blood corpuscles of the human body is ....
  - A carry O<sub>2</sub> from the lungs to the cells
  - B carry CO<sub>2</sub> from the cells to the lungs
  - C bring about clotting of blood at the site of an open wound
  - D defend the body against invasion of microbes such as germs and bacteria

1.1.5. The number of phalanges present in each finger is....

A 5 B 7 C 14 D 3

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1.1.6. Study the following characteristics related to plant tissue.

- (i) Acts as a strengthening tissue
- (ii) Made up of living cells
- (iii) Cell walls are thickened with lignin
- (iv) Transports dissolved food from the leaves to all parts of the plant

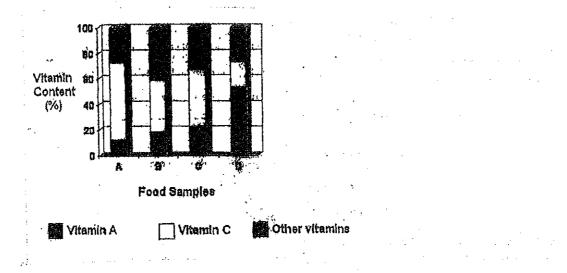
Which of the following combinations applies to Xylem tissue?

- A (i), (ii) and (iv)
- B (i) and (iii)
- C (ii), (iii)) and (iv)
- D (i), (iii) and (iv)
- 1.1.7. If the magnifying power of the eyepiece of a microscope is 7X and that of the objective is 10X, the total magnification of the specimen will be...
  - A 70X
  - B 700X
  - C 7X
  - D 20X

1.1.8. An alternate term for the kneecap is...

- A suture
- B clavicle
- C patella
- D fibula
- 1.1.9. The condition which results in bone becoming porous (having holes) due to loss of calcium is ...
  - A rickets
  - B gout
  - C arthritis
  - D osteoporosis

1.1.10. Five samples of food were analysed to determine the Vitamin A and Vitamin C content. The results were recorded in the graph below.



The food that is most likely to be recommended for a person suffering from scurvy is ...

- A food sample A
- B food sample B
- C food sample C
- D food sample D

(10x2=20)

- 1.2. Provide the correct BIOLOGICAL term for each of the following descriptions. Write only the term next to the question number (1.2.1 to 1.2.10) in the ANSWER BOOK.
- 1.2.1. The large opening at the base of the skull through which the spinal cord passes
- 1.2.2. Connective tissue which connects muscle to bone
- 1.2.3. Part of the microscope which regulates the amount of light entering the microscope
- 1.2.4. Movement of gas molecules from a region of high concentration to a region of low concentration
- 1.2.5. Pair of voluntary muscles found at joints which work in opposition to each other to bring about movement e.g. triceps and biceps
- 1.2.6. The green pigment found in the chloroplast which traps light energy for photosynthesis
- 1.2.7. Division of the cytoplasm during mitosis
- 1.2.8. A type of skeleton where muscles acts against fluid to bring about movement.
- 1.2.9. The cells in a leaf with large intercellular air spaces between them
- 1.2.10. The part of the skull that contains and protects the brain

(10)

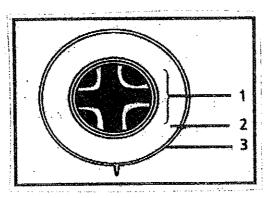
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**BOTH A and B or NONE** of the items in COLUMN II. Write **A only, B only, BOTH A and B or NONE** next to the question number (1.3.1 to 1.3.5) in the ANSWER BOOK.

COLUMN I	COLUMN II
1.3.1. Tumours which have stopped growing	A: Malignant
	B: Benign
1.3.2. Cancer causing agent	A: Smoking
	B: Radiation
1.3.3. Single stranded nucleic acid	A: RNA
	B: DNA

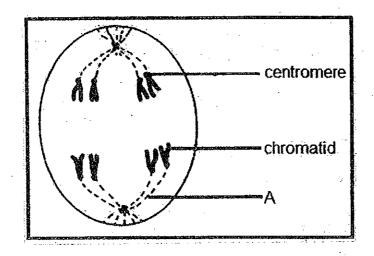
(3x2=6)

1.4. The diagram below represent a plan diagram showing the cross section through a dicotyledenous root.



1.4.1.	Provide ONE OBSERVABLE reason as to why this is a plan diagram of a dicotyledenous root.	(1)
1.4.2.	Provide labels 1, 2 and 3.	(3)
1.4.3.	State the function of phloem tissue in the root.	(1)
		[5]

## 1.5. Study the diagram below which shows a phase in mitosis.



TOTAL SECTION A:	50
	[9]
1.5.6. State THREE ways in which mitosis is biologically important.	(3)
1.5.5. Name the phase of mitosis which follow the phase shown in the diagram.	(1)
1.5.4. How many chromosomes will be found in each of the two cells at the end of mitosis?	(1)
1.5.3. How many chromosomes are shown in the diagram? (	(1)
1.5.2.2. State the role of part A during the phase mentioned in QUESTION 1.5.1.	(1)
1.5.2.1. Identify part A.	(1)
1.5.1. Identify the phase of mitosis represented by the diagram.	(1)

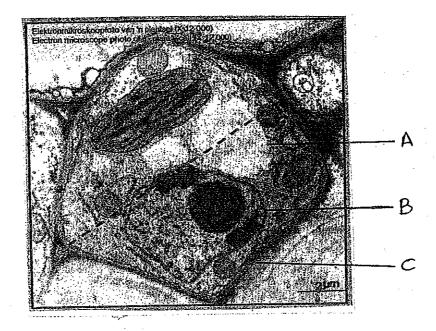
#### SECTION B

#### **QUESTION 2**

2.1. The following table shows an analysis of nutrients found in 100g portion of breakfast. The breakfast was made up of eggs, butter and bread.

	NUTRIENTS IN A	FOOD TYPES				
	100 g PORTION	Eggs	Bread	Butter		
÷	Carbohydrates (g)	Ø	20,2	0,1		
E E	Fats (g)	12,5	0,2	85,2		
,	Protein (g)	11,8	2,5	0		
	Calcium (mg)	56	3,3	13,8		
· · ·	Iron (mg)	2,8	0,6	0,15		
	Vitamin A (mg)	675	12	2344		
	Vitamin C (mg)	0	57	0,2		
2.1.1. Name the m						(2)
2.1.2. List ONE fun	ction of iron in the	human bo	ody.			(1)
	ason for your answ		÷			(3)
2.1.4. Differentiate	e between saturate	ed fats and	unsaturate	d fats.		(2)
2.1.5. List ONE fun	ction of calcium in	the humai	n body.		n an an mar tara. Tara an mar tara an	(1)
2.1.6. A recomme 15% proteir					hydrates, 30% fats or a recommended	
balanced di					an an thursday an	(6)
					· · ·	[15]

2.2. Study the micrograph below.



- 2.2.1. Does the micrograph represent a plant cell or an animal cell? Provide TWO observable reasons for your answer. (3)
- 2.2.2. Write down the LETTER and the NAME of the following parts:

(a) Structure consisting of cellulose	(2)
(b) Structure which controls all the activities within the cell	(2)
(c) Structure which is filled with cell sap	(2)
2.2.3. Using the scale line shown on the micrograph, calculate the width of	the cell along the
plane indicated by the dotted lines. (show all calculations)	(3)

2.2.4. Discuss THREE structural adaptations of the chloroplast for its function. (6)

[18]

#### Please Turn Over

2.3. Read the following article and answer the questions

Stem cell cure?

A paralysed patient in the USA has been injected with human embryonic stem cells in a world –first attempt to help him walk again. Doctors hope the stem cells will help nerves in the newly damaged spinal cord regenerate before the disability becomes permanent.

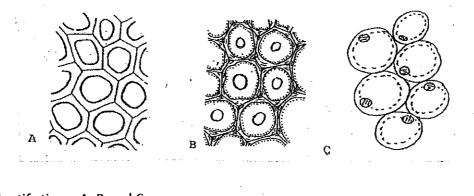
The patient has had millions of the stem cells injected into the site of the injury in an effort to find a revolutionary cure, according to th US firm carrying out the hugely controversial experiment.

The study uses stem cells obtained from three – to –five- day old fertilised embryos discarded by IVF doctors. The treatment offers hope to patients suffering from serious spinal injuries and also blindnes. Researchers are looking to unlock the potential of stem cells for new ways to treat cancer, Parkinson's disease and a host of other illnesses.

Stem cell therapy is opposed by pro-life activitist led by the Roman Catholic Church, which is against the use of human embryos to harvest stem cells.

	[40]
	[7]
2.3.5. Why are some people against the use of embryonic stem cells for treating Illnesses?	(2)
2.3.4. List TWO illnesses listed above which stem cells have the potential of treating.	(2)
2.3.3. From where are the stem cell harvested?	(1)
2.3.2. How do doctors hope that the stem cell therapy will help the paralysed patient?	(1)
2.3.1. What are stem cells?	(1)

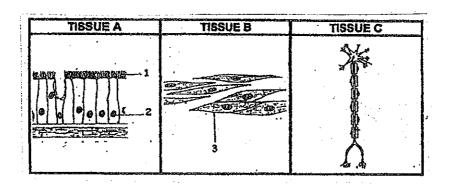
## **QUESTION 3**



3.1. The following diagrams represent 3 plant tissues.

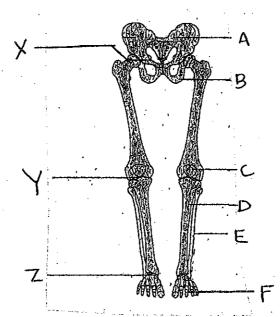
3.1.1. Identify tissue A, B and C.	(3)
3.1.2. Tabulate TWO structural differences between tissue A and B.	(5)
3.1.3. State ONE function common to both tissue A and B.	(2)
	[10]

3.2. The following diagrams represent 3 mammalian tissues.



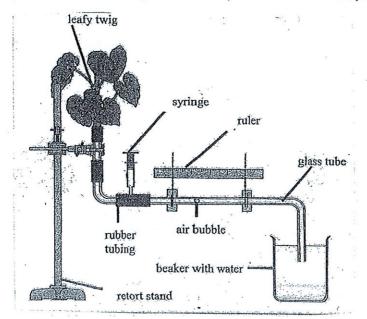
3.2.1. Identify tissue A, B and C.(3)3.2.2. label parts numbered 1, 2 and 3.(3)3.2.3. Draw a fully labelled diagram of tissue C.(4)[10]

# 3.3. Study the diagram below of the pelvic girdle and lower limb.



3.3.1. Provide labels for D, E and F.	(3)
3.3.2. Identify the type of synovial joints X, Y and Z.	(3)
3.3.3. Discuss the advantage of the pelvic girdle being wide.	(2)
3.3.4. Identify each of the following disease that affect the skeleton	• •
a) softening of bones in children potentially leading to fractures.	(1)
b) condition which affects the joints resulting in severe pain and stiffness.	(1)

[10]



3.4 Xian used a potometer to investigate how temperature affect transpiration rate.

The results of the investigation are reflected in the table below.

Temperature (O <sup>c</sup> )	22	25	27	28	
Transpiration rate (m mol/m <sup>2</sup> sec)	1.5	3.5	5	6	
3.4.1. State an hypothesis for this experiment.					(2)
3.4.2. Explain ONE precaution to be taken when setting up this investigation.					(2)
3.4.3. Identify the					
a) dependent variable					(1)
b) independent variable					(1)
3.4.4. Predict what would happen to the speed of the movement of the bubble if vaseline was applied to the ventral (lower) surfaces of all the leaves.					
Explain your answ		/entral (lower)	surfaces of	all the leaves.	(2)
Explain your disw	cr.				(3)
3.4.5. Why should this apparatus be allowed to stand before starting the experiment? (					(1)
			8		[10]
TOTAL SECTION B: 80					

OTAL SECTION B: 80 Please Turn Over

#### SECTION C

#### **QUESTION 4**

Water, is which is absorbed by the roots of the plants, is transported by the xylem to the leaves where it is lost either through transpiration or guttation.

Write an essay in which you discuss...

a) the absorption of water by the root hair.

b) The lateral transport of water across the root to the xylem of the root.

c) The difference between transpiration and guttation.

NOTE: NO marks will be awarded for answers in the form of flow charts, tables or diagrams.

Content: (17) Synthesis: (3)

## TOTAL SECTION C: 20

GRAND TOTAL: 150