



TOM NEWBY SCHOOL EXAMINATION



Subject	GEOGRAPHY	Examiner	MRS P SINGH
Date	12 JUNE 2015	Total marks	50
Session	2	Duration	1 HOUR
Grade	6	Moderator	MRS W PIENAAR
Special instructions/ Equipment	1. Read ALL questions carefully. 2. Answer on the question paper.		

This Exam has been compiled using notes and information contained in the Tom Newby School Geography book. The marking memorandum has been compiled accordingly. While alternative responses will be given due acknowledgement, the official memorandum will be considered a priority document to ensure uniformity of marking. Up to 10% of the total mark allocation may be deducted for spelling and grammatical errors, except in the case of Language papers, where deductions are made according to a memorandum. Time allocation on this examination includes provision for concession.

NAME: Memo GRADE: 6

QUESTION 1

Match Column A with Column B. Write down the correct letter only.

Column A	Column B
1.1 90° N	a. Means half circle
1.2 23.5° S	b. Arctic circle
1.3 66.5° N	c. North Pole
1.4 Greenwich Meridian	d. Line of longitude found at 180°
1.5 Hemisphere	e. Method used to work out real distances
1.6 International Date Line	f. Tropic of Capricorn
1.7 Scale	g. 0° longitude
1.8 Small scale maps	h. Collection of maps
1.9 Large scale maps	i. Shows a small area with more details
1.10 Atlas	j. Show big areas with few small details
	k. Words are used to tell you how to work out distances

1.1 c ✓ 1.2 f ✓ 1.3 b ✓ 1.4 g ✓ 1.5 a ✓
 1.6 d ✓ 1.7 e ✓ 1.8 j ✓ 1.9 i ✓ 1.10 h ✓

QUESTION 2

State whether the following statements are True or False. If False, correct them.

2.1 Historical maps show how the land used to be many years ago.

False ✓, changes over time. ✓

2.2 Star and planet maps show how many planets and stars exist.

False ✓, the positions of planets & stars ✓

2.3 Current events are things that are happening at the moment that are of importance.

True ✓

2.4 GPS stands for Going Places Slowly.

False ✓, Global Positioning Systems ✓

2.5 Using the map scale 1cm = 5km, 150km, in reality, will be equal to 50cm on the map.

False ✓, 30cm or ✓
250 km

2.6 There are 180° of longitude from the Greenwich Meridian to the International Date Line.

True ✓

(5)

QUESTION 3

3.1 What is the meaning of the word 'trade'?

The art of exchanging, buying & selling goods. ✓

(1)

3.2 What household item was often used as money?

salt ✓

(1)

- 3.3 Why was metal used to make money in 5000 BCE? (any 2)
It was easy to get hold of /
it was easy to work with / it (2)
could be recycled.
- 3.4 What does it mean to import goods?
When goods are brought in from another (1)
country.
- 3.5 Name 2 of South Africa's main imports. (any 2)
chemicals, oil, petroleum products, (2)
scientific instruments, food, different
machines & equipment.

QUESTION 4

- a. Place the pictures below in the correct categories on the table provided:
 Write A, B or C.
 Primary products, Skills and Services or Secondary products.
- b. Say why they belong in these categories.

A



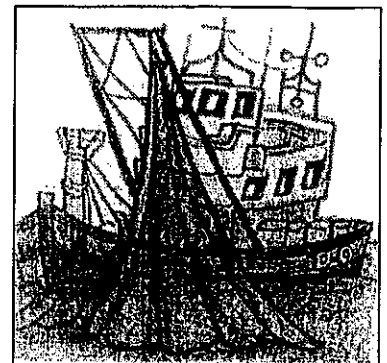
HANDBAGS

B



TEACHER

C



FISHING BOAT

Primary Products	Secondary Products	Skills and Services
a. <u>C</u> ✓	a. <u>A</u> ✓	a. <u>B</u> ✓
b. <u>The fisherman</u> <u>is catching</u> <u>fish which is</u> <u>a raw material</u> ✓	b. <u>The materials</u> <u>have been used</u> <u>to make a</u> <u>handbag.</u> ✓	b. <u>The teacher</u> <u>is using his</u> <u>skills to teach</u> <u>the children.</u> ✓

QUESTION 5

5.1 What is the raw material needed to make chocolate?

cocoa ✓

(1)

5.2 Name the 6 steps that go into the process of making chocolate.

1. Cocoa trees are grown. ✓
2. Cocoa beans are dried. ✓
3. Beans are put into sacks. ✓
4. Beans are being ground into liquor.
5. Milk and sugar is added. ✓
6. Chocolate is produced. ✓

(6)

5.3 Gold has great value although it is not a very functional metal.

List 3 reasons why it is of great value. (any 3)

1.
 - It is soft so can be shaped easily into coins or jewellery.
 - It is difficult to mine, so it is more valuable than other metals that are easy to mine.
2.
 - Gold is long-lasting and doesn't rust. It cannot be destroyed easily or worn down, so it keeps its value.
3.
 - Most gold is used to make jewellery, but it is also used in manufactured electrical goods, like computers.
 - Most gold is mined deep underground.

(3)

5.4 Name the two most common methods of extracting gold from rock.

1. Cyanide extraction ✓
2. Mercury extraction ✓

(2)

5.5 Why is gold used to make jewellery?

List 3 reasons. (any 3)

1. Gold is rare, makes it valuable
 2. never rusts or gets dirty
 3. soft & can be shaped & hammered. (3)
- Its beautiful
It shines when polished.

QUESTION 6

The human cost of unfair trade

The Human Rights Watch has issued a negative report on human rights abuses in the wine and fruit farming industries in the Western Cape

Inhumane conditions

A farm worker, referred to as Isaak S, described how, for over a decade, he and his family have lived in a hovel with no amenities such as electricity or running water. The former pig pen does not even have appropriate shelter and coverage to protect his wife and children from the elements.

According to the report, when Isaak requested a better place to live he was told by his employer that other farm workers had to "be gotten rid of" before his needs could be addressed. Ten years later, he and his family still live in the same pig stall.

Attempts by workers to form unions to improve their conditions have failed, by and large, with the report showing how labourers are in many cases denied their right to freedom of association, and threatened with dismissal.

Read the Case Study about "Inhumane Conditions" then answer the following questions.

6.1 Quote a phrase from the report that describes the living conditions of Isaak S and his family.

He and his family have lived in a hovel with no amenities such as electricity or running water ✓ (2)

6.2 For how long have Isaak S and his family been living under these conditions?

for over 10 years ✓ (1)

6.3 What was the farmer's attitude when Isaak S requested alternative accommodation for him as his family?

He was uninterested / not concerned ✓ (½)

6.4 What was Isaak S's home used for before he lived there?

A pig pen ✓ (½)

6.5 How did the workers try to solve their problems?

By forming Unions ✓

(1)

6.6 Were workers successful in solving their problems?

Explain your answer.

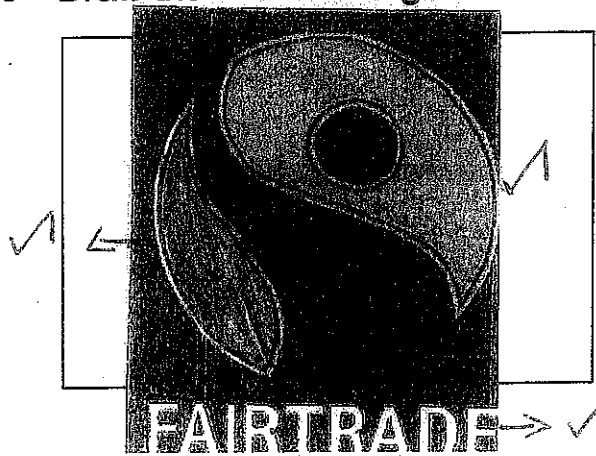
No, they were denied their right to freedom of association ✓

They were threatened with dismissal. (2)

6.7 What is Fairtrade?

An International Organisation that helps farm producers ✓ in developing countries get better deals in the ✓ working ✓ & selling of products. ✓ (2)

6.8 Draw the Fairtrade logo.



colour - ✓
blue
green/yellow

(2)

6.9 How can you be sure you are purchasing a product that belongs to Fairtrade?

look for the Fair-trade logo ✓

(1)

TOTAL: 50

