



TOM NEWBY SCHOOL EXAMINATION



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|------------------------------------|--------------|-------------|---------------|
| Subject | Geography | Examiner | Mrs P Singh |
| Date | 13 June 2016 | Total marks | 50 |
| Session | 2 | Duration | 1 Hour |
| Grade | 6 | Moderator | Miss Albertyn |
| Special instructions/ Equipment | Memo | | |

This Exam has been compiled using notes and information contained in the Tom Newby School book. The marking memorandum has been compiled accordingly. While alternative responses will be given due acknowledgement, the official memorandum will be considered a priority document to ensure uniformity of marking. Up to 10% of the total mark allocation may be deducted for spelling and grammatical errors, except in the case of Language papers, where deductions are made according to a memorandum. Time allocation on this examination includes provision for concession.

QUESTION 1

State whether the following are True or False. If false, correct the statements.

1. North, South, East and West are called cardinal points.

True ✓

2. The $66\frac{1}{2}^\circ$ line of latitude that lies between the equator and the North Pole is the Antarctic Circle.

False ✓, Arctic Circle ✓

3. The line of longitude which lies between the Equator and the North Pole is called the Tropic of Cancer.

False ✓, latitude ✓

4. The International Date Line is the 0° line of longitude.

False ✓, Greenwich Meridian or 180° ✓

5. Imaginary lines that run parallel to the Equator are called lines of latitude.

True ✓

QUESTION 4**Matching Columns:**

Match Column A with Column B. Write down the letter only

e.g. 4 a

| Column A | Column B |
|--|---|
| 1. Another word for trade. | a) Diamonds, platinum, gold, machinery and equipment. |
| 2. Metal objects were used as money. | b) Chemicals, oil and other petroleum products. |
| 3. Trade involves these two things. | c) Export |
| 4. This household product was used for money long ago. | d) Import |
| 5. When goods are sent to another country to sell. | e) Barter |
| 6. Products that are mainly imported into South Africa. | f) 5 000 BCE |
| 7. Products that are mainly exported from South Africa. | g) Buying and selling of goods |
| 8. The word used to describe when goods are brought in from other countries. | h) Salt |
| | i) Pepper |

1 e 2 f 3 g 4 h 5 c 6 b 7 a 8 d

$$(8 \div 2 = 4)$$

6. If I am in Russia and I wanted to travel to Brazil, in what direction would I have to go?

South West ✓

(1)

(10)

QUESTION 6

1. Name the 6 steps that go into chocolate making.

a) Cocoa beans are grown ✓

b) Cocoa beans are dried. ✓

c) Dried beans are put into sacks. ✓

d) Beans are ground into cocoa liquor. ✓

e) Milk and sugar is added. ✓

f) Chocolate is produced. ✓

(6)

2. In four sentences, explain the technique using Cyanide extraction to extract the gold from rock.

a) small rock that contains ore is crushed into fine pieces. ✓

b) It is then mixed with a solution of sodium cyanide to remove the gold. ✓

c) Thereafter it is mixed with zinc to separate the metal from the cyanide. ✓

d) Then sulphuric acid is used to remove the zinc. ✓

(4)

1. What does 'Kuapa Kokoo' mean?

It means 'good cocoa farmer.' (1)

2. Why was Kuapa Kokoo formed?

So that the farmers could earn more money for their hard work and make sure that they were not cheated. (1)

3. What are the benefits for the farmers belonging to Kuapa Kokoo?

Name one.

1. They get a fair price for their beans. //
2. They are paid cash and // they are paid on time. (1)

4. Explain why Kuapa Kokoo is an example of a fair trade project that works well. Name one.

1. It works well because the farmers get more for their work. //
 2. The extra money is used to benefit the community. (1)
- (20)

TOTAL :50 MARKS

