



TOM NEWBY SCHOOL EXAMINATION

MEMORANDUM

Subject	HISTORY	Examiner	MRS P SINGH
Date	JUNE 2019	Total marks	50
Grade	6	Duration	1 HOUR
		Moderator	MRS M FOURIE
Special instructions/			
Equipment			

This assessment has been compiled using notes and information contained in the Tom Newby School resource material. The marking memorandum has been compiled accordingly. While alternative responses will be given due acknowledgement, the official memorandum will be considered a priority document to ensure uniformity of marking.

Question 1: Marco Polo(L.O - State) (5)

Decide whether the following statements are true or false. If it is true, then write true. If it is false, then write false and correct the statement.

1.1 Marco Polo was born in Venice Italy in 1254.

True √

1.2 The Silk Road included places such as Bombay, Singapore and Omuz.

False, Bagdad and the Gobi Desert to China.√

1.3 Polo spent 24 years of his life travelling.

True√

1.4 Kublai Khan gave Marco Polo a golden tablet which assured him privileges such as homes, food, guides and safety.

True√

1.5 Marco Polo was the first European to travel to China.

False, he was the first to write a book about his travels. $\sqrt{}$

Question 2: Mapungubwe (L.O – Select) (5)

Multiple Choice: Underline the correct answer.

- 2.1 The city of Mapungubwe is in the Limpopo Province on a farm. What is the name of the farm?
- a. Greenswald
- b. Greefsworld
- c. Greefswald√
- d. Grefsveld

- 2.2 The people of Mapungubwe were wealthy and also farmed animals. What were these animals?
- a. cattle
- b. sheep
- c. goats
- 2.3 In Mapungubwe a burial site with 23 bodies was found. How many bodies were in a sitting position?
- a. 6
- b. 3√
- c. 9
- d. 13
- 2.4 What does Mapungubwe mean?
- a. "Hill of the fox"
- b. "Hill of the coyote"
- c. "Mountain of the jackal"
- d. "Hill of the jackal"√
- 2.5 Which 2 items was the result of the Kings riches?
- a. gold and ivory√
- b. gold and iron
- c. cattle and cloth
- d. glass beads and ivory

Question 3: Inventions (L.O – State) (5)

Name the inventions or art pieces, then state who invented it or who the artist was.

Picture	Invention/Art piece	Inventor/Artist
3.1	a. Telescope√	b. Galileo Galilei√

3.2	c. The Mona Lisa√	d. Leonardo da Vinci√
3.3	e. The Caravel√	f. The Europeans√
3.4	g. The Magnetic Compass√	h. The Chinese√
3.5	i. The Astrolabe√	j. The Arab Muslim World√

Question 4: (M.O – Match) (10)

4.1 d $\sqrt{}$ 4.2 e $\sqrt{}$ 4.3 f $\sqrt{}$ 4.4 a $\sqrt{}$ 4.5 b $\sqrt{}$ 4.6 c 4.7 h $\sqrt{}$ 4.8 g $\sqrt{}$ 4.9 j $\sqrt{}$ 4.10 i $\sqrt{}$

Question 5: Dias, Columbus and Galilei

Answer the following questions.

(M.O – Explain)

5.1 Explain why Dias named the tip of Africa the Cape of Good Hope.

He thought that there was hope of finding the sea route to the East $\sqrt{\ }$

(2)

(M.O – Restate) 5.2 What did Christopher Columbus believe about the world and how one could reach the East after reading Marco Polo's book. He believed the earth was round and that you could reach the east by sailing westwards. $\sqrt{\sqrt{}}$ (2) (M.O - Restate) 5.3 Galileo Galilei said that the sun was at the center of the solar system. a. Why did this make the church very angry? (1)The church believed that the earth was in the center of the solar system. $\sqrt{}$ b. Explain how the church prevented him from making this public knowledge. He was forbidden from teaching or telling anyone about his theories. $\sqrt{\sqrt{}}$ (2) Question 6: Vasco da Gama (M.O – Define) 6.1 Provide a good definition for the following words. (1) a. Scurvy – A disease caused by not having enough vitamin C in the diet.√ b. Viceroy – The governor of a colony, country or province. The viceroy acts in the name of the King. $\sqrt{\sqrt{}}$ (2) c. Monsoon – A wind system of the Indian Ocean that blows from the southwest in the summer and the northeast in the winter. $\sqrt{\sqrt{}}$ (2) (M.O – Restate) 6.2 Provide full dates for each of the following events: a. When Vasco da Gama left Lisbon. 8 July 1497√ (1) b. When Da Gama arrived at the Cape of Good Hope. 22 November 1497√ (1) 6.3 Describe 2 serious problems that occurred during Da Gama's second voyage.

a. Almost half of his crew died of scurvy.√

b. The trip took longer as the winds were not blowing in his favour.√

(H.O – Evaluate)

Question 7:

- 7.1Use the picture above to answer the following questions.
 - a. Why do you think they chose to put a pillar with a cross on the top on his right side.
 He was a Christian or because it was the job of sailors in that era to spread the
 Christian religion. √
 - b. Why do you think they put the ship on his left side?
 He used a ship to do his travelling.√
 (1)
- 7.2 When Dias rounded the Cape he did not realise that he had done this. Explain why you think he did not know that he had rounded the Cape.
- Their navigation devices may not have been as accurate as what we have today.√ (1)
- 7.3. Mapungubwe has various social classes.
- a. Do you think that these social classes were fair?

No, they were not fair.
$$\sqrt{}$$

b. If you could belong to one of those social classes, which would you have wanted to belong to? The Rulers.√

Why – so that I would be able to make sure that my country is run fairly.
$$\sqrt{}$$
 (2) (H.O – Judge)

- 7.4 Why do you think the leaders of Mapungubwe chose to live on a hill? Provide 2 reasons.
- a. Protection So that they can see if anyone is coming to attack them and their people and they will be able to defend themselves. $\sqrt{}$
- b. Status so that their people will respect them because they are literally higher than them and they can see what is happening in their kingdom. $\sqrt{}$ (2)
- 7.5 After reading what punishments the officers had put in place for the sailors. What conclusion can you make about the type of people the officers were.

They were cruel and harsh people with no feelings. $\sqrt{\sqrt{}}$ (2)

Total – 50 marks

Lower order	Middle order	Higher order
Q.1 – 5	Q.4 – 10	Q.7 - 10
Q.2 – 5	Q.5 – 6	
Q.3 - 5	Q.6 - 9	
15 MARKS	25 MARKS	10 MARKS