

Section A: Mapungubwe

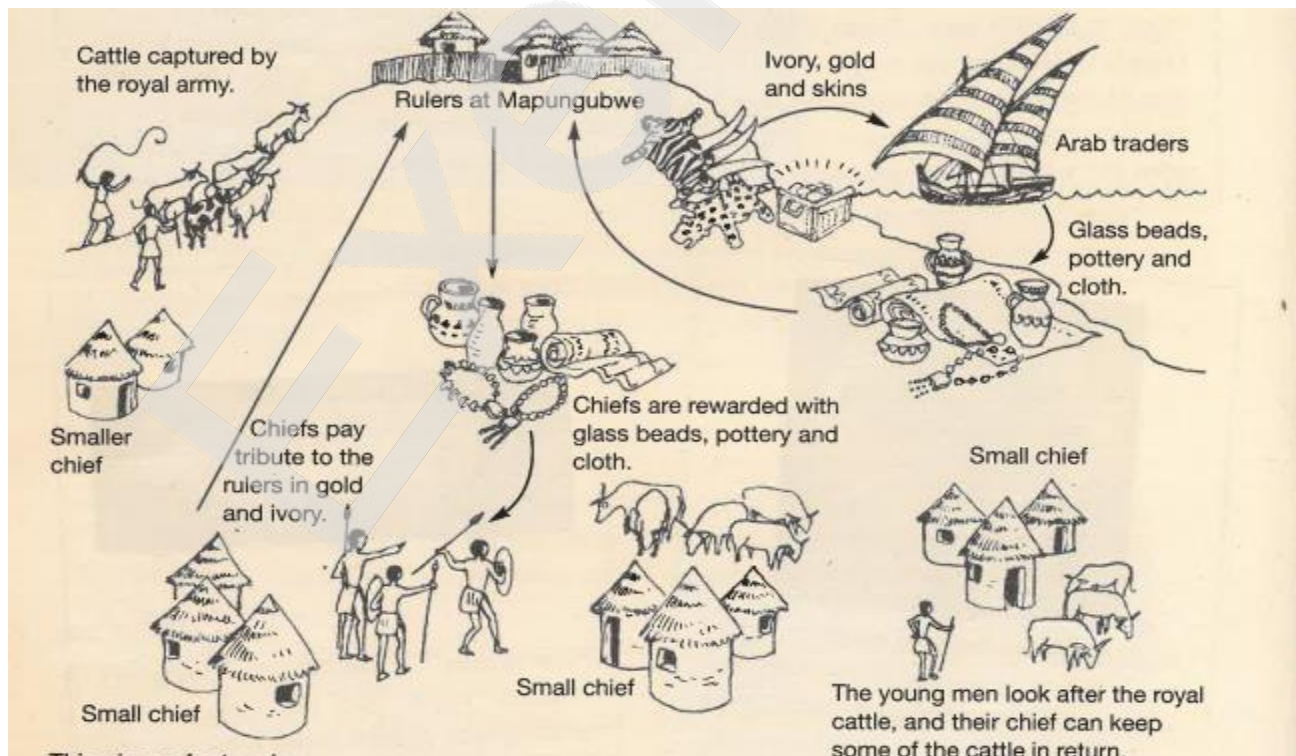
[21]

Question 1: Match column A to column B by writing the correct number in column C. (M0) [5]

	Column A		Column B	Column C
A	Status Symbol	1	The language and culture of the people living on the east African coast	A= 3✓
B	Swahili	2	A highly organised political system	B= 1✓
C	Site	3	Sign of someone's importance	C= 4✓
D	Value	4	A piece of land studied by archaeologists	D= 5✓
E	State	5	What people believe is important or unimportant	E= 2✓

Question Two: Study the picture below and answer the following questions:

[7]



2.1) In what way were the lives of the rulers different from the lives of the people in the town below? **(MO)** (1)

The rulers did not do any of the menial tasks, such as looking after cattle or hunting. ✓

2.2) Why did the rulers choose to live on top of the hill and separate themselves from their people? (Give two reasons.) **(MO)**
(2)

The rulers decided on top live on the hill as it was safer✓ and the king believed in sacred leadership. ✓

2.3) Name one thing that Chiefs were rewarded with? **(LO)** (1)

Glass Beads
Pottery
Cloth

} **Any one** ✓

2.4) Name one thing that Arab traders took when they left Mapungubwe. **(LO)** (1)

Ivory
Gold
Skins

} **Any one** ✓

2.5) What river did the Arab traders travel on? **(LO)** (1)

Limpopo River ✓

2.6) What is the correct name for an Arab ship? **(LO)** (1)

Dhows ✓

Question Three: The order of Mapungubwe [4]

Due to its historical importance, UNESCO (United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organisation) declared Mapungubwe a World Heritage Site in 2003. This means that because Mapungubwe has such a significant role in our history, it needs to be preserved for future generations.

Source: E-classroom

3.1) Why was Mapungubwe chosen as a world heritage site? **(MO)** (1)

The rich cultural heritage and amazing diversity. ✓

3.2) What does it mean when the land needs to be 'preserved'? **(MO)** (2)

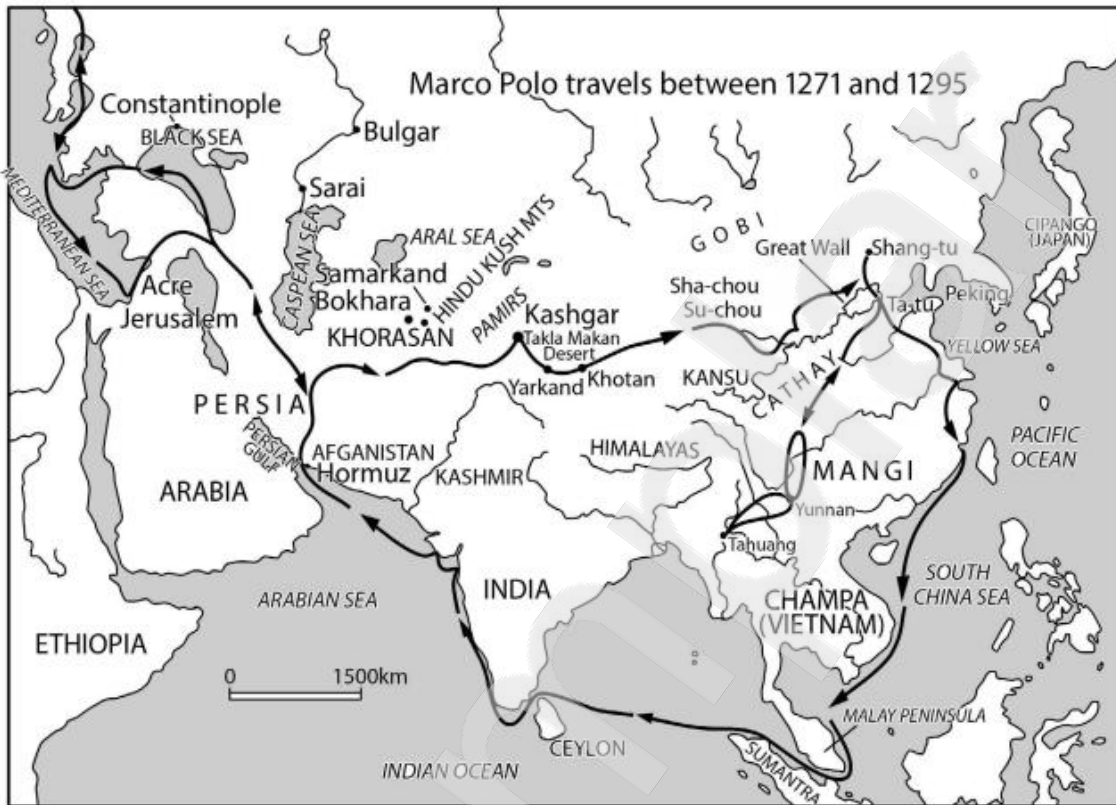
The area may not be built on ✓
No one may live on the land ✓

3.3) The Order of Mapungubwe is one of the highest awards that can be given to a South African. Why do you think it is only the president that may present this award? **(MO)** (1)

He is considered one of the most important people in South Africa ✓

Question Four: This is the map that shows Marco Polo's Travels

[5]



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Marco Polo was a Venetian leader and explorer. Although his life did not start out easy he travelled around the world (as seen in the map above).

4.1) Fill in the missing words to complete some of his life story. **(LO)** (5)

Marco Polo travelled to **China** ✓ with his father and **uncle** ✓ on the **Silk** ✓ road, which was an overland route to China. Marco Polo worked for **Kublai** ✓ Khan, for **17** ✓ years. When he left, Polo sailed home instead of going overland.



Section B: Explores from Europe find southern Africa

[24]

Question Five: Answer the following questions.

(7)

5.1) In which country did the Renaissance begin? **Italy** ✓ **(LO)**

(1)

5.2) The Renaissance is described as a turning point in history. What does this mean? **(MO)**

(2)

It is described as a turning point because of the changes in society. ✓ New inventions sparked further, greater change. ✓

5.3) Name three reasons why Europeans went on voyages of exploration. **(MO)**

(3)

Curiosity about the world ✓

Looking for trade and profit ✓

Spreading the Christian religion ✓

5.4) Name two inventions that helped sailors know where they were going and how to stay on the right course. **(MO)**

(2)

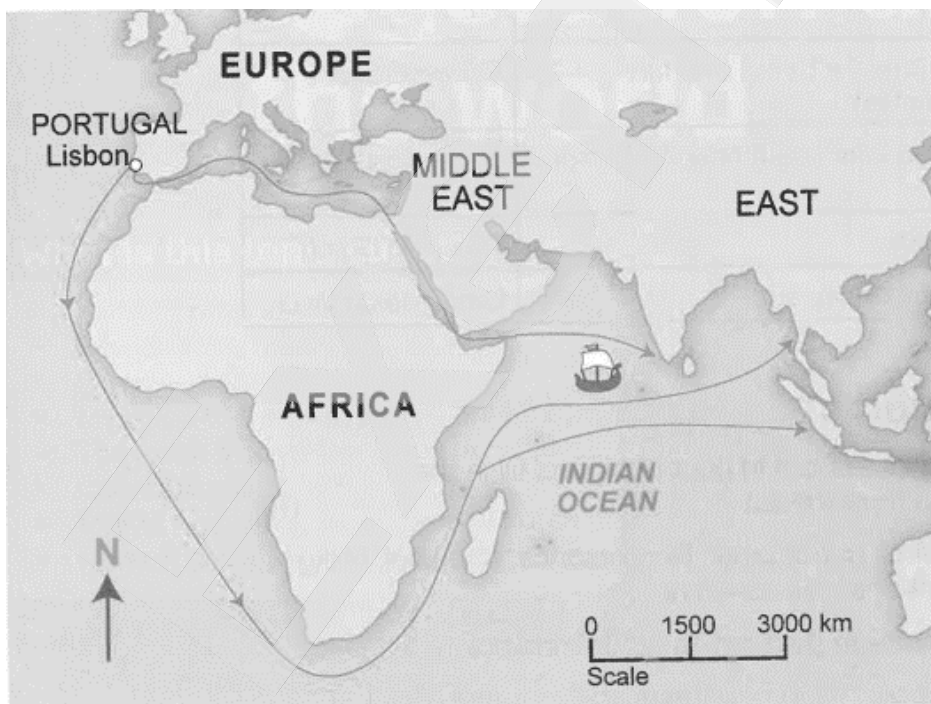
The compass ✓

Maps ✓

Question Six: Study the map below and answer the questions that follow.

(8)

Map of a European explorer



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6.1) Write a heading for this map in your own words. **(MO)**

(1)

Any suitable title: Dia's voyage around Africa ✓

Why do all the arrows on the map show towards the East? **(HO)** (1)

It is the direction the sailors wanted to travel in. ✓

6.2) Which country on the map that sent ships on routes to the East. **(LO)** (1)

Portugal ✓

6.3) Name the type of ship that this country used. **(LO)** (1)

Caravel ✓

6.4) Why did the Cape become an important part of the sea route around Africa? **(MO)**
(1)

The sailors needed fresh water ✓

6.5) Who did Dias meet when he landed at the Cape? **(LO)** (1)

Khoikhoi people ✓

6.6) Why did the encounter mentioned in 6.6 not go well? **(MO)** (2)

The Portuguese and the Khoi clashed over the sailors' need for fresh water ✓. **A Crossbow was fired killing one of the Khoikhoi people** ✓

Question Seven: Read the extract below and answer the questions that follow. [4]

Vasco da Gama

Ten years after Dias had sailed around the Cape another Portuguese explorer was given a fleet of ships by the Portuguese King. His name was Vasco da Gama. The king instructed him to find the trade route around Africa to India.

Grade 6- Study Notes

7.1) Why do you think the Portuguese King was determined to find a route around Africa to India? **(HO)** (2)

Portugal wanted to trade directly with India and China ✓ **The Arabs were charging high taxes when countries traded through them.** ✓

7.2) If you were Vasco da Gama and the king asked you to find the new route to India, would you agree? Why do you say so? **(HO)** (2)

Learners can answer yes or no here, this is only awarded if they give a valid reason. ✓✓

Yes, I would have liked to be seen as a hero like Da Gama was.

No, I would be to afraid because I know how many explorers have already tried.

Question Eight: Galileo Galilei was a very important Italian scientist. Formulate a paragraph where you give more information about his life, inventions and experiments. [5] (HO)

Use the following writing frame to help you construct your paragraph:

Write a few sentences about Galileo's early life:

-
-
-

Write about some of Galileo's inventions

-
-
-

What did Galileo discover about the solar system?

-

Some ideas for paragraph.

He was born in Pisa, Italy, on the 15th of February 1564. Besides inventing the improved telescopes, he also invented the compass and a thermometer. Galileo decided that he wanted to be a doctor and started to do a medical degree at the University of Pisa but never finished. He ran out of money, and decided that math was what he was most interested in. We say he invented the improved telescope but what do we mean? Originally, telescopes only had 3x magnification, but he built one that had about 30x magnification. He decided to run an experiment on the Leaning Tower of Pisa. He went to the top and dropped two items that were different weights, but were the same size and shape. He believed that the heavier item would land first, but it didn't. They both landed at the same time. However, no one really knows if he did this – the only person who really knew was his secretary. For many years, scientists believed that the sun and the planets revolved around the Earth. But Galileo was the first scientist to prove that this wasn't actually correct, and that in fact the Earth and the planets revolved around the sun.

Level 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Uses evidence in an elementary manner e.g. shows little or no understanding. Uses evidence partially to report on topic or cannot report on topic. • Shows an elementary understating about Galileo and his achievements. 	Marks: 0-1
Level 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Evidence is mostly relevant and relates to a great extent to the topic. Uses evidence in a very basic manner. • Shows a satisfactory understanding about Galileo and his achievements. 	Marks: 2-3
Level 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Uses relevant evidence e.g. demonstrates a thorough understanding • Uses evidence very effectively in an organised paragraph that shows an understanding of the topic. • Shows an outstanding understanding on Galileo and his achievements. 	Marks: 4-5